

Rat anti-Mouse CD4 Monoclonal Antibody | anti-CD4 antibody

Anti-Ms CD4 APC

CATALOG #	HOST	REACTIVITY	APPLICATIONS
AAA128552	Rat	Mouse	Flow Cytometry, Functional Assay

PRODUCT SYNONYMS

CD4; Monoclonal Antibody; Anti-Ms CD4 APC; CD4 molecule; T4/Leu-3; L3T4; anti-CD4 antibody

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Host	Rat
Reactivity	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	IgG2b
Clone Number	GK1.5
Specificity	The rat monoclonal antibody GK1.5 reacts with an extracellular epitope of mouse CD4 transmembrane glycoprotein (55 kDa).
Purity/Purification	The purified antibody is conjugated with allophycocyanin (APC) under optimum conditions. The conjugate is purified by size-exclusion chromatography.
Form/Format	Phosphate buffered saline (PBS) solution with 15 mM sodium azide
Concentration	0.5 mg/ml (varies by lot)
Sequence Length	457
Applicable Applications for anti-CD4 antibody	FCM/FACS (Flow Cytometry)
Immunogen	Mouse CTL clone V4 cells
Conjugation	APC
Preparation and Storage	Store in the dark at 2-8 degree C. Do not freeze. Avoid prolonged exposure to light.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Related Product Information for anti-CD4 antibody	CD4 (T4) is a single chain transmembrane glycoprotein and belongs to immunoglobulin supergene family. In extracellular region there are 4 immunoglobulin-like domains (1 Ig-like V-type and 3 Ig-like C2-type). Transmembrane region forms 25 aa, cytoplasmic tail consists of 38 aa. Domains 1,2 and 4 are stabilized by disulfide bonds. The intracellular domain of CD4 is associated with p56Lck, a Src-like protein tyrosine kinase. It was described that CD4 segregates into specific detergent-resistant T-cell membrane microdomains. Extracellular ligands: MHC class II molecules (binds to CDR2-like region in CD4 domain 1); HIV envelope protein gp120 (binds to CDR2-like region in CD4 domain 1); IL-16 (binds to CD4 domain 3), Human seminal plasma glycoprotein gp17 (binds to CD4 domain 1), L-selectin. Intracellular ligands: p56LckCD4 is a co-receptor involved in immune response (co-receptor activity in binding to MHC class II molecules) and HIV infection (human immunodeficiency virus; CD4 is primary receptor for HIV-1 surface glycoprotein gp120). CD4 regulates T-cell activation, T/B-cell adhesion, T-cell differentiation, T-cell selection and signal transduction. Defects in antigen presentation (MHC class II) cause dysfunction of CD4+ T-cells and their almost complete absence in patients blood, tissue and organs (SCID immunodeficiency).
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NCBI AND UNIPROT INFORMATION

NCBI GI #	7304953
NCBI GeneID	12504
NCBI Accession #	NP_038516.1
NCBI GenBank Nucleotide #	NP_038516.1
UniProt Accession #	P06332
NCBI Official Full Name	T-cell surface glycoprotein CD4
NCBI Official Synonym Full Names	CD4 antigen
NCBI Official Symbol	Cd4
NCBI Official Synonym Symbols	L3T4; Ly-4
NCBI Protein Information	T-cell surface glycoprotein CD4
UniProt Protein Name	T-cell surface glycoprotein CD4
UniProt Gene Name	Cd4
UniProt Entry Name	CD4_MOUSE

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.

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Online datasheet: <https://www.aaabiotech.com/monoclonal/cd4-antibody-clone-gk1-5-flow-cytometry-elisa/128552>