

Rabbit anti-Human PRMT5 Polyclonal Antibody | anti-PRMT5 antibody

PRMT5 Antibody

CATALOG #	HOST	REACTIVITY	APPLICATIONS
AAA231246	Rabbit	Human	Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry, ELISA

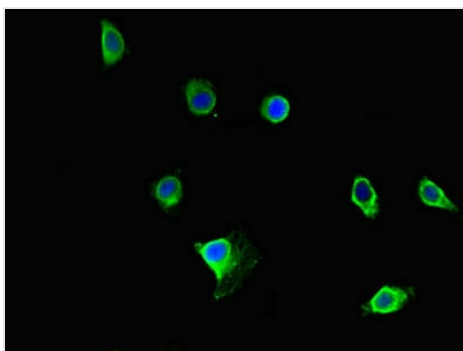
PRODUCT SYNONYMS

PRMT5; Polyclonal Antibody; PRMT5 Antibody; Protein arginine N-methyltransferase 5; 72 kDa ICln-binding protein; Histone-arginine N-methyltransferase PRMT5; Jak-binding protein 1; Shk1 kinase-binding pr; HRMT1L5; IBP72; JBP1; SKB1; anti-PRMT5 antibody

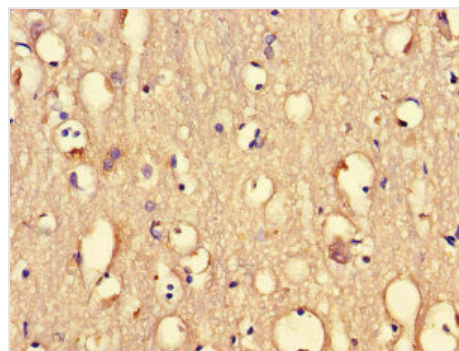
PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Purity/Purification	>95%, Protein G purified
Form/Format	Liquid
Sequence Length	620
Applicable Applications for anti-PRMT5 antibody	IF (Immunofluorescence), IHC (Immunohistochemistry), ELISA
Species	Human
Immunogen	Recombinant human Protein arginine N-methyltransferase 5 protein
Conjugate	Non-conjugated
Buffer	Preservative: 0.03% Proclin 300 Constituents: 50% Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, PH 7.4
Santa Cruz Alternative	Potential replacement for Santa Cruz Biotechnology antibody catalog# sc-22132 / sc-136202 / sc-292408
Preparation and Storage	Shipped at 4 degree C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20 degree C or -80 degree C. Avoid repeated freeze.

IMAGES


IF (Immunofluorescence)

Immunofluorescent analysis of HeLa cells using AAA231246 at a dilution of 1:100 and Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG(H+L)


IHC (Immunohistochemistry)

Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human brain tissue using AAA231246 at dilution of 1:100

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Related Product Information for anti-PRMT5 antibody	Arginine methyltransferase that can both catalyze the formation of omega-N monomethylarginine (MMA) and symmetrical dimethylarginine (sDMA), with a preference for the formation of MMA (PubMed:10531356, PubMed:11152681, PubMed:11747828, PubMed:12411503, PubMed:15737618, PubMed:17709427, PubMed:20159986, PubMed:20810653, PubMed:21258366, PubMed:21917714, PubMed:22269951). Specifically mediates the symmetrical dimethylation of arginine residues in the small nuclear ribonucleoproteins Sm D1 (SNRPD1) and Sm D3 (SNRPD3); such methylation being required for the assembly and biogenesis of snRNP core particles (PubMed:12411503, PubMed:11747828, PubMed:17709427). Methylates SUPT5H and may regulate its transcriptional elongation properties (PubMed:12718890). Mono- and dimethylates arginine residues of myelin basic protein (MBP) in vitro. May play a role in cytokine-activated transduction pathways. Negatively regulates cyclin E1 promoter activity and cellular proliferation. Methylates histone H2A and H4 'Arg-3' during germ cell development. Methylates histone H3 'Arg-8', which may repress transcription. Methylates the Piwi proteins (PIWIL1, PIWIL2 and PIWIL4), methylation of Piwi proteins being required for the interaction with Tudor domain-containing proteins and subsequent localization to the meiotic nuage (By similarity). Methylates RPS10. Attenuates EGF signaling through the MAPK1/MAPK3 pathway acting at 2 levels. First, monomethylates EGFR; this enhances EGFR 'Tyr-1197' phosphorylation and PTPN6 recruitment, eventually leading to reduced SOS1 phosphorylation (PubMed:21917714, PubMed:21258366). Second, methylates RAF1 and probably BRAF, hence destabilizing these 2 signaling proteins and reducing their catalytic activity (PubMed:21917714). Required for induction of E-selectin and VCAM-1, on the endothelial cells surface at sites of inflammation. Methylates HOXA9 (PubMed:22269951). Methylates and regulates SRGAP2 which is involved in cell migration and differentiation (PubMed:20810653). Acts as a transcriptional corepressor in CRY1-mediated repression of the core circadian component PER1 by regulating the H4R3 dimethylation at the PER1 promoter (By similarity). Methylates GM130/GOLGA2, regulating Golgi ribbon formation (PubMed:20421892). Methylates H4R3 in genes involved in glioblastomagenesis in a CHTOP- and/or TET1-dependent manner (PubMed:25284789). Symmetrically methylates POLR2A, a modification that allows the recruitment to POLR2A of proteins including SMN1/SMN2 and SETX. This is required for resolving RNA-DNA hybrids created by RNA polymerase II, that form R-loop in transcription terminal regions, an important step in proper transcription termination (PubMed:26700805).
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NCBI AND UNIPROT INFORMATION

NCBI GI #	88900507
NCBI GeneID	10419
NCBI Accession #	NP_001034708.1
NCBI GenBank Nucleotide #	NM_001039619.2
UniProt Accession #	O14744; Q6IBR1; Q9UKH1; A8MTP3; A8MZ91; B4DX49; B4DY30; B5BU10; D3DS33; E2QRE7
Molecular Weight	66,311 Da
NCBI Official Full Name	protein arginine N-methyltransferase 5 isoform b
NCBI Official Synonym Full Names	protein arginine methyltransferase 5
NCBI Official Symbol	PRMT5
NCBI Official Synonym Symbols	JBP1; SKB1; IBP72; SKB1Hs; HRMT1L5
NCBI Protein Information	protein arginine N-methyltransferase 5
UniProt Protein Name	Protein arginine N-methyltransferase 5
UniProt Gene Name	PRMT5
UniProt Synonym Gene Names	HRMT1L5; IBP72; JBP1; SKB1; SKB1 homolog; SKB1Hs
UniProt Entry Name	ANM5_HUMAN

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.