

Rabbit anti-Human ALK Polyclonal Antibody | anti-ALK antibody

ALK Antibody

CATALOG #	HOST	REACTIVITY	APPLICATIONS
AAA232791	Rabbit	Human	Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry, ELISA

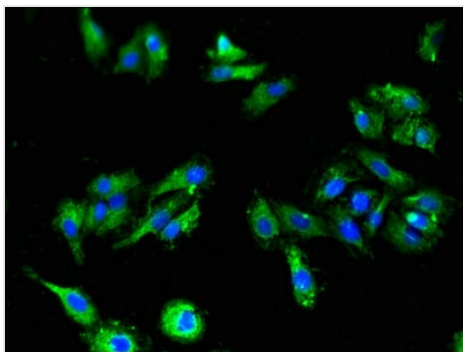
PRODUCT SYNONYMS

ALK; Polyclonal Antibody; ALK Antibody; ALK tyrosine kinase receptor; Anaplastic lymphoma kinase; CD246; anti-ALK antibody

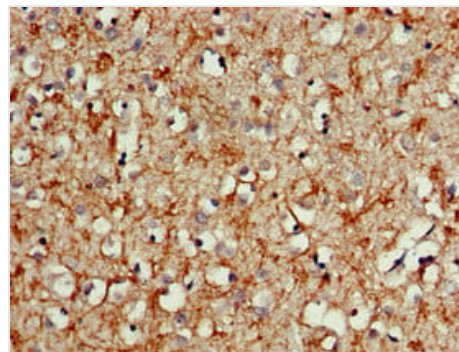
PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Purity/Purification	>95%, Protein G purified
Form/Format	Liquid
Sequence Length	1620
Applicable Applications for anti-ALK antibody	IF (Immunofluorescence), IHC (Immunohistochemistry), ELISA
Immunogen	Recombinant Human ALK tyrosine kinase receptor protein (1402-1604AA)
Preservative	0.03% Proclin 300
Constituents	50% Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, pH 7.4
Conjugation	Non-conjugated
Santa Cruz Alternative	Potential replacement for Santa Cruz Biotechnology antibody catalog# sc-25447 / sc-25447 / sc-6344 / sc-6345
Preparation and Storage	Shipped at 4 degree C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20 degree C or -80 degree C. Avoid repeated freeze.

IMAGES


IF (Immunofluorescence)

Immunofluorescent analysis of HepG2 cells using AAA232791 at a dilution of 1:100 and Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG(H+L)


IHC (Immunohistochemistry)

Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human brain tissue using AAA232791 at dilution of 1:100

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Related Product Information for anti-ALK antibody	Neuronal receptor tyrosine kinase that is essentially and transiently expressed in specific regions of the central and peripheral nervous systems and plays an important role in the genesis and differentiation of the nervous system. Transduces signals from ligands at the cell surface, through specific activation of the mitogen-activated protein kinase (MAPK) pathway. Phosphorylates almost exclusively at the first tyrosine of the Y-x-x-x-Y-Y motif. Following activation by ligand, ALK induces tyrosine phosphorylation of CBL, FRS2, IRS1 and SHC1, as well as of the MAP kinases MAPK1/ERK2 and MAPK3/ERK1. Acts as a receptor for ligands pleiotrophin (PTN), a secreted growth factor, and midkine (MDK), a PTN-related factor, thus participating in PTN and MDK signal transduction. PTN-binding induces MAPK pathway activation, which is important for the anti-apoptotic signaling of PTN and regulation of cell proliferation. MDK-binding induces phosphorylation of the ALK target insulin receptor substrate (IRS1), activates mitogen-activated protein kinases (MAPKs) and PI3-kinase, resulting also in cell proliferation induction. Drives NF-kappa-B activation, probably through IRS1 and the activation of the AKT serine/threonine kinase. Recruitment of IRS1 to activated ALK and the activation of NF-kappa-B are essential for the autocrine growth and survival signaling of MDK.
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NCBI AND UNIPROT INFORMATION

NCBI GI #	29029632
NCBI GeneID	238
NCBI Accession #	NP_004295.2
NCBI GenBank Nucleotide #	NM_004304.4
UniProt Accession #	Q9UM73; Q4ZFX9; Q53QQ6; Q53RZ4; Q59FI3; Q9Y4K6
Molecular Weight	176,442 Da
NCBI Official Full Name	ALK tyrosine kinase receptor
NCBI Official Synonym Full Names	anaplastic lymphoma receptor tyrosine kinase
NCBI Official Symbol	ALK
NCBI Official Synonym Symbols	CD246; NBLST3
NCBI Protein Information	ALK tyrosine kinase receptor
UniProt Protein Name	ALK tyrosine kinase receptor
UniProt Gene Name	ALK
UniProt Entry Name	ALK_HUMAN

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.