

Mouse anti-Human CD9 Monoclonal Antibody | anti-CD9 antibody

Anti-CD9 Antibody, Mouse Monoclonal

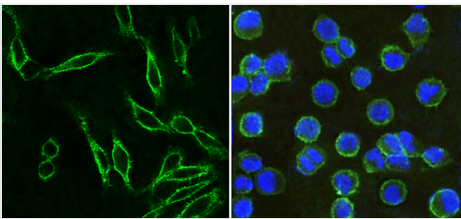
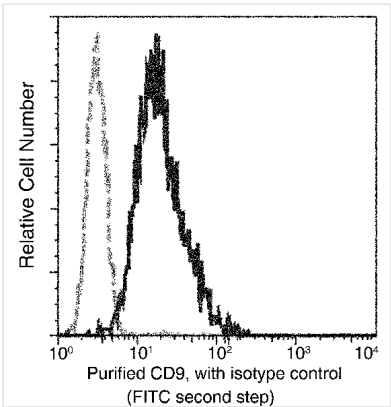
CATALOG #	HOST	REACTIVITY	APPLICATIONS
AAA255301	Mouse	Human	Immunofluorescence, Immunocytochemistry, Flow Cytometry, Functional Assay

PRODUCT SYNONYMS

CD9; Monoclonal Antibody; Anti-CD9 Antibody; Mouse Monoclonal; CD9 Antibody; Mouse MAb; CD9 molecule; Anti-BTCC-1 Antibody; Anti-DRAP-27 Antibody; Anti-MIC3 Antibody; Anti-MRP-1 Antibody; Anti-TSPAN-29 Antibody; Anti-TSPAN29 Antibody; anti-CD9 antibody

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Host	Mouse
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Mouse IgG1
Clone Number	01
Specificity	Human CD9
Purity/Purification	Protein A
Form/Format	Liquid; 0.2um filtered solution in PBS
Applicable Applications for anti-CD9 antibody	IF (Immunofluorescence), ICC (Immunocytochemistry), FCM/FACS (Flow Cytometry)
Immunogen	Recombinant Human CD9 protein
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Preparation	This antibody was produced from a hybridoma resulting from the fusion of a mouse myeloma with B cells obtained from a mouse immunized with purified, recombinant Human CD9 (rh CD9). The IgG fraction of the cell culture supernatant was purified by Protein A affinity chromatography.
Preparation and Storage	This antibody can be stored at 2-8 degree C for one month without detectable loss of activity. Antibody products are stable for twelve months from date of receipt when stored at -20 degree C to -80 degree C. Preservative-Free. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.



IF (Immunofluorescence)
Immunofluorescence staining of Human CD9 in HeLa cells. Cells were fixed with 4% PFA, blocked with 10% serum, and incubated with Mouse anti-Human CD9 monoclonal antibody (1:100) at 4 degree C overnight. Then cells were stained with the Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated (left panel, captured by laser confocal scanning microscope; right panel, captured by fluorescence microscope) Goat Anti-mouse IgG secondary antibody, countstained with DAPI (blue). Positive staining was localized to plasma membrane.

FCM/FACS (Flow Cytometry)
Flow cytometric analysis of Human CD9 expression on HeLa cells. Cells were stained with purified anti-Human CD9, then a FITC-conjugated second step antibody. The histogram were derived from gated events with the forward and side light-scatter characteristics of intact cells.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Related Product Information for anti-CD9 antibody	The cluster of differentiation (CD) system is commonly used as cell markers in Immunophenotyping. Different kinds of cells in the immune system can be identified through the surface CD molecules associating with the immune function of the cell. There are more than 320 CD unique clusters and subclusters have been identified. Some of the CD molecules serve as receptors or ligands important to the cell through initiating a signal cascade which then alter the behavior of the cell. Some CD proteins do not take part in cell signal process but have other functions such as cell adhesion. CD9 is a member of the transmembrane 4 superfamily, which is also known as the tetraspanin family. CD9 is a cell surface glycoprotein with 4 hydrophobic domains that are described as complex with integrins and other transmembrane 4 superfamily members. It is found expressed on the surface of the exosomes. The protein takes part in cellular signal transduction events and thus play a role in the regulation of cell development and activation, growth and motility. Besides, CD9 seems to be a key role in the egg-sperm fusion during the mammalian fertilization processes. CD9 is found on the membrane of the oocytes and also appears to intervene in maintaining the normal shape of oocyte microvilli.
References	Zola H, et al. (2007) CD molecules 2006-human cell differentiation molecules. J Immunol Methods. 318 (1-2): 1-5.Ho IC, et al. (2009) GATA3 and the T-cell lineage: essential functions before and after T-helper-2-cell differentiation. Nat Rev Immunol. 9 (2): 125-35.Matesanz-Isabel J, et al. (2011) New B-cell CD molecules. Immunology Letters.134 (2): 104-12Franois Le Naour, et al. (2000) Severely Reduced Female Fertility in CD9-Deficient Mice. Science. 287(5451): 319-21.

NCBI AND UNIPROT INFORMATION

NCBI GI #	4502693
NCBI GeneID	928
NCBI Accession #	NP_001760.1
NCBI GenBank Nucleotide #	NM_001769.3
UniProt Accession #	P21926; Q5J7W6; Q96ES4; D3DUQ9
Molecular Weight	25,416 Da
NCBI Official Full Name	CD9 antigen
NCBI Official Synonym Full Names	CD9 molecule
NCBI Official Symbol	CD9
NCBI Official Synonym Symbols	MIC3; MRP-1; BTCC-1; DRAP-27; TSPAN29; TSPAN-29

NCBI Protein Information	CD9 antigen
UniProt Protein Name	CD9 antigen
UniProt Gene Name	CD9
UniProt Synonym Gene Names	MIC3; TSPAN29; MRP-1; Tspan-29
UniProt Entry Name	CD9_HUMAN

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.

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Online datasheet: <https://www.aaabiotech.com/monoclonal/cd9-antibody-clone-01-immunofluorescence-immunocytochemistry-flow-cytometry-elisa/255301>