

Rabbit COMT Polyclonal Antibody | anti-COMT antibody

COMT Polyclonal Antibody

CATALOG # AAA279462	HOST Rabbit	REACTIVITY Human, Mouse, Rat	APPLICATIONS Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry, Western Blot
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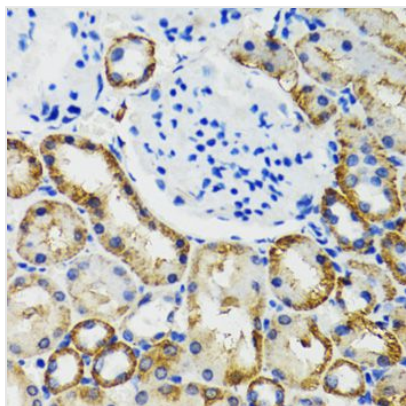
PRODUCT SYNONYMS

COMT; Polyclonal Antibody; COMT Polyclonal Antibody; HEL-S-98n; anti-COMT antibody

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

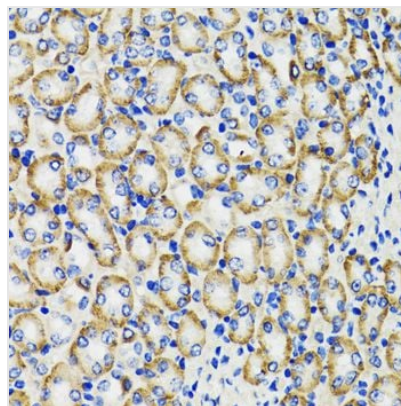
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Purity/Purification	Affinity Purification
Concentration	1mg/ml (varies by lot)
Sequence Length	271
Applicable Applications for anti-COMT antibody	IF (Immunofluorescence), IHC (Immunohistochemistry), WB (Western Blot)
Species	Human
Immunogen	Recombinant Protein
Immunogen	Recombinant protein of human COMT
Calculated Molecular Weight	30kDa
Preparation and Storage	Store at -20 degree C (regular) or -80 degree C (long term). Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

IMAGES



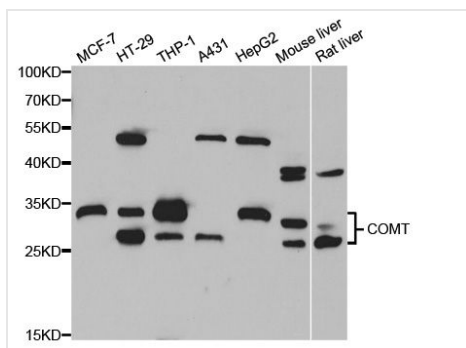
IHC (Immunohistochemistry)

Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded mouse kidney using COMT antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).



IHC (Immunohistochemistry)

Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded rat kidney using COMT antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).



WB (Western Blot)

Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using COMT antibody at 1:1000 dilution. Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) at 1:10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins: 25ug per lane. Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST. Detection: ECL Basic Kit. Exposure time: 60s.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Related Product Information for anti-COMT antibody

Catechol-O-methyltransferase catalyzes the transfer of a methyl group from S-adenosylmethionine to catecholamines, including the neurotransmitters dopamine, epinephrine, and norepinephrine. This O-methylation results in one of the major degradative pathways of the catecholamine transmitters. In addition to its role in the metabolism of endogenous substances, COMT is important in the metabolism of catechol drugs used in the treatment of hypertension, asthma, and Parkinson disease. COMT is found in two forms in tissues, a soluble form (S-COMT) and a membrane-bound form (MB-COMT). The differences between S-COMT and MB-COMT reside within the N-termini. Several transcript variants are formed through the use of alternative translation initiation sites and promoters.

Product Categories/Family for anti-COMT antibody

Polyclonal

NCBI AND UNIPROT INFORMATION

NCBI GI #	116907
NCBI GeneID	1312
UniProt Accession #	P21964; Q6IB07; Q6ICE6; Q9BWC7; A8MPV9
Molecular Weight	271
NCBI Official Full Name	Catechol O-methyltransferase
NCBI Official Synonym Full Names	catechol-O-methyltransferase
NCBI Official Symbol	COMT
NCBI Official Synonym Symbols	HEL-S-98n
NCBI Protein Information	catechol O-methyltransferase; epididymis secretory sperm binding protein Li 98n
UniProt Protein Name	Catechol O-methyltransferase
UniProt Gene Name	COMT
UniProt Entry Name	COMT_HUMAN

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.

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Online datasheet: <https://www.aaabiotech.com/polyclonal/comt-antibody-immunofluorescence-immunohistochemistry-western-blot-elisa/279462>