

Rabbit anti-Human Phospho-GFAP (S8) Polyclonal Antibody | anti-GFAP antibody

Phospho-GFAP (S8) Antibody

CATALOG # AAA283958	HOST Rabbit	REACTIVITY Human	APPLICATIONS ELISA, Dot Blot
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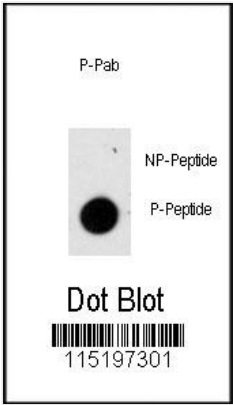
PRODUCT SYNONYMS

Phospho-GFAP (S8); Polyclonal Antibody; Phospho-GFAP (S8) Antibody; Glial fibrillary acidic protein; GFAP; anti-GFAP antibody

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit Ig
Specificity	This GFAP Antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to amino acid residues surrounding S8 of human GFAP.
Purity/Purification	Peptide Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Form/Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Concentration	Vial Concentration: 0.38 (varies by lot)
Sequence Length	431
Applicable Applications for anti-GFAP antibody	ELISA, DB (Dot Blot)
Antigen Type	Synthetic Peptide
Antigen Source	HUMAN
Function	GFAP, a class-III intermediate filament, is a cell- specific marker that, during the development of the central nervous system, distinguishes astrocytes from other glial cells.
Cellular Location	Cytoplasm. Note=Associated with intermediate filaments
Tissue Location	Expressed in cells lacking fibronectin.
Preparation and Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8 degree C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20 degree C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

IMAGES



DB (Dot Blot)
Dot blot analysis of anti-Phospho-GFAP-S8 Antibody on nitrocellulose membrane. 50ng of Phospho-peptide or Non Phospho-peptide per dot were adsorbed. Antibody working concentrations are 0.5ug per ml.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Related Product Information for anti-GFAP antibody	GFAP is one of the major intermediate filament proteins of mature astrocytes. It is used as a marker to distinguish astrocytes from other glial cells during development. Mutations in this gene cause Alexander disease, a rare disorder of astrocytes in the central nervous system.
Product Categories/Family for anti-GFAP antibody	Neuroscience; Signal Transduction; Phospho Antibodies
References	Quintanar, J.L., et al., Parasitol. Res. 90(4):261-263 (2003). Shiroma, N., et al., Brain Dev. 25(2):116-121 (2003). Nielsen, A.L., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 277(33):29983-29991 (2002). Namekawa, M., et al., Ann. Neurol. 52(6):779-785 (2002). Lopez-Egido, J., et al., Exp. Cell Res. 278(2):175-183 (2002).

NCBI AND UNIPROT INFORMATION

NCBI GI #	196115290
NCBI GeneID	2670
NCBI Accession #	NP_001124491.1; NP_001229305.1; NP_002046.1
NCBI GenBank Nucleotide #	NM_001131019.2
UniProt Accession #	P14136; Q53H98; Q5D055; Q6ZQS3; Q7Z5J6; Q7Z5J7; Q96KS4; Q96P18; Q9UFD0; B2RD44; D3DX59; E9PAX3
Molecular Weight	49880
NCBI Official Full Name	glial fibrillary acidic protein isoform 2
NCBI Official Synonym Full Names	glial fibrillary acidic protein
NCBI Official Symbol	GFAP
NCBI Official Synonym Symbols	ALXDRD
NCBI Protein Information	glial fibrillary acidic protein
UniProt Protein Name	Glial fibrillary acidic protein
UniProt Gene Name	GFAP
UniProt Synonym Gene Names	GFAP

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.

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Online datasheet: <https://www.aaabiotech.com/polyclonal/phospho-gfap-s8-antibody-dot-blot-elisa/283958>