

Mouse HDAC1 Monoclonal Antibody | anti-HDAC1 antibody

HDAC1 mouse Monoclonal Antibody (4E1)

CATALOG # AAA293771	HOST Mouse	REACTIVITY Human, Mouse, Rat	APPLICATIONS Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry
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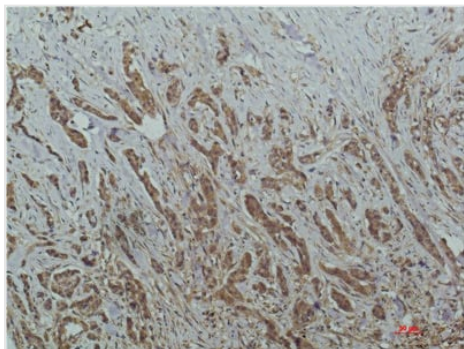
PRODUCT SYNONYMS

HDAC1; Monoclonal Antibody; HDAC1 mouse Monoclonal Antibody (4E1); anti-HDAC1 antibody

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

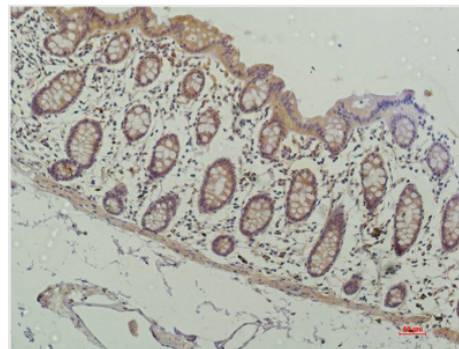
Host	Mouse
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone Number	4E1
Applicable Applications for anti-HDAC1 antibody	IF (Immunofluorescence), IHC (Immunohistochemistry)
Preparation and Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8 degree C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20 degree C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

IMAGES



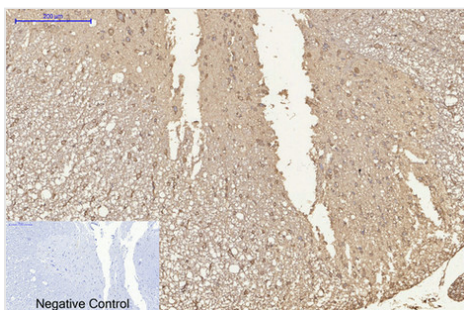
Application Data

Dilution: IF: 1:50-200 IHC 1:100-200



Application Data

Dilution: IF: 1:50-200 IHC 1:100-200



IF (Immunofluorescence)

Dilution: IF: 1:50-200 IHC 1:100-200

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Related Product Information for anti-HDAC1 antibody	Responsible for the deacetylation of lysine residues on the N-terminal part of the core histones (H2A, H2B, H3 and H4). Histone deacetylation gives a tag for epigenetic repression and plays an important role in transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression and developmental events. Histone deacetylases act via the formation of large multiprotein complexes. Deacetylates SP proteins, SP1 and SP3, and regulates their function. Component of the BRG1-RB1-HDAC1 complex, which negatively regulates the CREST- mediated transcription in resting neurons. Upon calcium stimulation, HDAC1 is released from the complex and CREBBP is recruited, which facilitates transcriptional activation. Deacetylates TSHZ3 and regulates its transcriptional repressor activity. Deacetylates 'Lys-310' in RELA and thereby inhibits the transcriptional activity of NF-kappa-B. Deacetylates NR1D2 and abrogates the effect of KAT5-mediated relieving of NR1D2 transcription repression activity. Component of a RCOR/GFI/KDM1A/HDAC complex that suppresses, via histone deacetylase (HDAC) recruitment, a number of genes implicated in multilineage blood cell development. Involved in CIART-mediated transcriptional repression of the circadian transcriptional activator: CLOCK-ARNTL/BMAL1 heterodimer. Required for the transcriptional repression of circadian target genes, such as PER1, mediated by the large PER complex or CRY1 through histone deacetylation.
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NCBI AND UNIPROT INFORMATION

NCBI GI #	13128860
NCBI GeneID	3065
NCBI Accession #	NP_004955.2
NCBI GenBank Nucleotide #	NM_004964.2
UniProt Accession #	Q13547; Q92534
Molecular Weight	55,103 Da
NCBI Official Full Name	histone deacetylase 1
NCBI Official Synonym Full Names	histone deacetylase 1
NCBI Official Symbol	HDAC1
NCBI Official Synonym Symbols	HD1; RPD3; GON-10; RPD3L1
NCBI Protein Information	histone deacetylase 1; reduced potassium dependency, yeast homolog-like 1
UniProt Protein Name	Histone deacetylase 1
UniProt Gene Name	HDAC1
UniProt Synonym Gene Names	RPD3L1; HD1
UniProt Entry Name	HDAC1_HUMAN

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.

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Online datasheet: <https://www.aaabiotech.com/monoclonal/hdac1-antibody-clone-4e1-immunofluorescence-immunohistochemistry-elisa/293771>