

Hoechst 33342 Staining Reagent

Hoechst 33342

CATALOG #
AAA332503

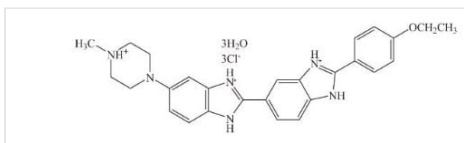
PRODUCT SYNONYMS

Hoechst 33342; BMD00062; Hoechst 33342 staining reagent

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Concentration	Recommended Working Concentrations: 0.5 - 10 ug/mL (varies by lot)
Excitation/Emission wavelengths	Ex/Em=350/461 nm (unbound DNA), Ex/Em=346/460 nm (bound DNA)
Tag	Hoechst 33342
Molecular Formula	C ₂₇ H ₂₈ N ₆ O ₃ HCl ₃ H ₂ O
Solubility	Soluble in water
Assay Procedure	1. Preparation of Hoechst 33342 staining solution (1) Add 1 mL of deionized water to the EP tube to prepare a 10 mg/mL Hoechst 33342 storage solution. (2) Hoechst 33342 storage solution was diluted with PBS at a ratio of 1:2,000 to Hoechst 33342 working solution at a final concentration of 5 ug/mL. 2. Staining (1) For fixed cells or tissues a. For cell or tissue samples, after fixation, the fixative was removed by appropriate washing. If immunofluorescence staining was to be performed, Hoechst 33342 staining was performed after the completion of staining. b. For adherent cells or tissue sections, a small amount of Hoechst 33342 staining solution was added to cover the sample. For suspended cells, at least three times the volume of the sample to be stained was added and mixed. c. Remove Hoechst 33342 staining solution, wash the cells with TBST, PBS or normal saline for 2-3 times, 3-5 min each time. Note: Washing is optional but not required, dyeing will not be affected after washing. d. Observe directly under fluorescence microscope or observe under fluorescence microscope after mounting. When apoptosis occurs, the nuclei of apoptotic cells are dense and densely stained, or fragmented and densely stained. (2) For living cells or tissues a. Appropriate amount of Hoechst 33342 staining solution was added to cover the sample. Generally, 1 mL was added to 6-well plate per well, 100 uL to 96-well plate per well. b. Incubate at room temperature 10-30 min, protected from light. c. Remove Hoechst 33342 staining solution, wash the cells with PBS for 2-3 times, then add 50 uL PBS to cover the cells. Observe directly under fluorescence microscope Note: Washing is optional but not required, dyeing will not be affected after washing.
Precautions	1. Please immediately centrifugal the product to the bottom of the tube before use, and then conduct the subsequent experiments. 2. Hoechst dye is commonly used to stain mammalian cells, but it can also be used to stain dead and living bacteria. For the staining of dead and living bacteria, it is recommended to dissolve the solution in PBS or 150 mM NaCl with the final concentration of 12-15 ug/mL for 30 min at room temperature. The staining of yeast is weak. Usually the staining of dead cells is brighter than that of living cells. 3. The Hoechst 33342 dye has a solubility of 10 mg/mL when dissolved in water. The recommended working concentration of Hoechst 33342 for nuclear staining is 0.5-10 ug/mL. The dyeing solution concentration and dyeing time can be explored according to the actual dyeing situation 4. Fluorescent dyes all have quenching problems, please try to avoid light to slow down the quenching.
Preparation and Storage	Store at -20 degree C and protect from light.

IMAGES



Structure

Fig. Hoechst 33342 structure formula

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Related Product Information for Hoechst 33342 staining reagent

Hoechst 33342, also known as bis Benzimide H 33342 or HOE 33342, DAPI has the molecular formula $C_{27}H_{28}N_6O \cdot 3HCl \cdot 3H_2O$, molecular weight 616.0 and CAS number 881691-13-0, is a non-embedded bright blue fluorescent dye. Dyes have weak fluorescence in solution, but they become bright after binding to DNA in the groove of DNA poly AT sequence enriched region in living cells, so such dyes are also called DNA probes. Due to the low background staining cells do not need washing and the staining is very stable, non-toxic to living cells, and the fluorescence can last for several days or longer after combining with DNA staining. Hoechst33342 has lower solubility in water than Hoechst 33258, but both dyes have high cell membrane permeability and are widely used for apoptosis detection. After staining, fluorescence microscopy or flow cytometry can be used for detection. In the case of adherent cells (96-well plates), 100 μ L of the staining solution was used in each well, and the concentration of the staining solution was calculated as 5 μ g/mL. 10 mg of the staining solution could be used in 20,000 wells.

Product Categories/Family for Hoechst 33342 staining reagent

Cell Staining/Tracing Kit, Fluorescent Dyes; Cytology

NCBI AND UNIPROT INFORMATION

Molecular Weight

615.99

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Small volumes of product may become entrapped in the seal of the vial during shipment and storage; if necessary, briefly centrifuge the vial on a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the cap.

AAA Biotech | Tel: +1 (619) 604-9440 | Fax: +1 (619) 604-9441 | contact@aaabiotech.com

Online datasheet: <https://www.aaabiotech.com/staining-reagent/hoechst-33342/332503>